IN THE COURT OF APPEALS STATE OF ARIZONA DIVISION TWO

F	FILED BY CLERK		
	FEB 15 2007		
COURT OF APPEALS DIVISION TWO			

)	2 CA-JV 2006-0057 DEPARTMENT B
IN RE RODGER M.)	MEMORANDUM DECISION Not for Publication
))	Rule 28, Rules of Civil Appellate Procedure

APPEAL FROM THE SUPERIOR COURT OF PINAL COUNTY

Cause No. JV200400262

Honorable Gilberto V. Figueroa, Judge

AFFIRMED

Gregan & Associates By Lawton Connelly

Mesa Attorneys for Minor

BRAMMER, Judge.

Rodger M. appeals from the juvenile court's order placing him on juvenile intensive probation (JIPS) for twelve months.¹ Citing *Anders v. California*, 386 U.S. 738, 87 S. Ct. 1396 (1967), and *State v. Leon*, 104 Ariz. 297, 451 P.2d 878 (1969), which apply to juveniles in delinquency actions, *In re Maricopa County Juvenile Action No. JV-117258*, 163 Ariz. 484, 486, 788 P.2d 1235, 1237 (App. 1989), counsel asks us to review the record

¹Although the notice of appeal is ostensibly directed at both the juvenile court's finding that Rodger had violated the conditions of probation and its disposition order, the only arguable issue raised on appeal is directed at the disposition order.

for fundamental error, stating that the only arguable issue he has found is whether the juvenile court abused its discretion by placing Rodger on JIPS.

¶2 Pursuant to two separate delinquency adjudications for disorderly conduct,

the juvenile court placed Rodger on standard probation for one year in March 2006. The

state filed a petition to revoke his probation in June 2006, and Rodger admitted one of the

allegations in that petition. Counsel suggests as an arguable issue that the juvenile court

should not have placed Rodger on JIPS. At the disposition hearing, the court stated it was

familiar with Rodger's prior involvement in the juvenile court system and had considered all

available information relevant to disposition, including the disposition report and statements

by Rodger's attorney and his mother that JIPS was unwarranted, as well as the probation

officer's recommendation that Rodger needed the additional supervision JIPS could provide

to help "keep[] [him]at home." The judge explained why JIPS was appropriate for Rodger

and encouraged his mother to cooperate with the court's decision to place him on JIPS,

despite her opinion that it was not the best placement for him and that JIPS would involve

extra work for her.

¶3 Having found no merit to the arguable issue suggested by counsel and having found no fundamental error in the record before us, we affirm the juvenile court's

disposition order.

J. WILLIAM BRAMMER, JR., Judge

CONCURRING:

PETER J. ECKERSTROM, Presiding Judge

PHILIP G. ESPINOSA, Judge

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